## Before the Federal Communications Commission Washington, D.C. 20554

In the Matter of	)	
Reduced Rate Long Distance	)	IC No. 08-S0293868
Complaint Regarding Unauthorized Change of	)	
Subscriber's Telecommunications Carrier	)	

## ORDER

Adopted: May 26, 2009

**Released: May 29, 2009** 

By the Deputy Chief, Consumer Policy Division, Consumer & Governmental Affairs Bureau:

1. In this Order, we consider the complaint filed by Complainant<sup>1</sup> alleging that Reduced Rate Long Distance (RRLD) changed Complainant's telecommunications service provider without obtaining authorization and verification from Complainant in violation of the Commission's rules.<sup>2</sup> We conclude that RRLD's actions did result in an unauthorized change in Complainant's telecommunications service provider and we grant Complainant's complaint.

2. In December 1998, the Commission released the *Section 258 Order* in which it adopted rules to implement Section 258 of the Communications Act of 1934 (Act), as amended by the Telecommunications Act of 1996 (1996 Act).<sup>3</sup> Section 258 prohibits the practice of "slamming," the submission or execution of an unauthorized change in a subscriber's selection of a provider of telephone exchange service or telephone toll service.<sup>4</sup> In the *Section 258 Order*, the

3 47 U.S.C. § 258(a); Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-104, 110 Stat. 56 (1996); Implementation of the Subscriber Carrier Selection Changes Provisions of the Telecommunications Act of 1996: Policies and Rules Concerning Unauthorized Changes of Consumers' Long Distance Carriers, CC Docket No. 94-129, Second Report and Order and Further Notice of Proposed Rule Making, 14 FCC Rcd 1508 (1998) (Section 258 Order), stayed in part, MCI WorldCom v. FCC, No. 99-1125 (D.C. Cir. May 18, 1999); First Order on Reconsideration, 15 FCC Rcd 8158 (2000); stay lifted, MCI WorldCom v. FCC, No. 99-1125 (D.C. Cir. June 27, 2000); Third Report and Order and Second Order on Reconsideration, 15 FCC Red 15996 (2000), Errata, DA No. 00-2163 (rel. Sept. 25, 2000), Erratum, DA No. 00-2192 (rel. Oct. 4, 2000), Order, FCC 01-67 (rel. Feb. 22, 2001); Third Order on Reconsideration and Second Further Notice of Proposed Rule Making, 18 FCC Rcd 5099 (2003); Order, 18 FCC Rcd 10997 (2003). Prior to the adoption of Section 258, the Commission had taken various steps to address the slamming problem. See, e.g., Policies and Rules Concerning Unauthorized Changes of Consumers' Long Distance Carriers, CC Docket No. 94-129, Report and Order, 10 FCC Rcd 9560 (1995), stayed in part, 11 FCC Rcd 856 (1995); Policies and Rules Concerning Changing Long Distance Carriers, CC Docket No. 91-64, 7 FCC Rcd 1038 (1992), reconsideration denied, 8 FCC Rcd 3215 (1993); Investigation of Access and Divestiture Related Tariffs, CC Docket No. 83-1145, Phase I, 101 F.C.C.2d 911, 101 F.C.C.2d 935, reconsideration denied, 102 F.C.C.2d 503 (1985).

47 U.S.C. § 258(a).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Informal Complaint No. IC 08-S0293868, filed July 8, 2008.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See 47 C.F.R. §§ 64.1100 – 64.1190.

Commission adopted aggressive new rules designed to take the profit out of slamming, broadened the scope of the slamming rules to encompass all carriers, and modified its existing requirements for the authorization and verification of preferred carrier changes. The rules require, among other things, that a carrier receive individual subscriber consent before a carrier change may occur.<sup>5</sup> Pursuant to Section 258, carriers are absolutely barred from changing a customer's preferred local or long distance carrier without first complying with one of the Commission's verification procedures.<sup>6</sup> Specifically, a carrier must: (1) obtain the subscriber's written or electronically signed authorization in a format that meets the requirements of Section 64.1130; (2) obtain confirmation from the subscriber via a toll-free number provided exclusively for the purpose of confirming orders electronically; or (3) utilize an independent third party to verify the subscriber's order.<sup>7</sup>

3. The Commission also has adopted liability rules. These rules require the carrier to absolve the subscriber where the subscriber has not paid his or her bill. In that context, if the subscriber has not already paid charges to the unauthorized carrier, the subscriber is absolved of liability for charges imposed by the unauthorized carrier for service provided during the first 30 days after the unauthorized change.<sup>8</sup> Where the subscriber has paid charges to the unauthorized carrier, the Commission's rules require that the unauthorized carrier pay 150% of those charges to the authorized carrier, and the authorized carrier shall refund or credit to the subscriber 50% of all charges paid by the subscriber to the unauthorized carrier.<sup>9</sup> Carriers should note that our actions in this order do not preclude the Commission from taking additional action, if warranted, pursuant to Section 503 of the Act.<sup>10</sup>

4. We received Complainant's complaint on July 8, 2008, alleging that Complainant's telecommunications service provider had been changed from AT&T, Inc. to RRLD without Complainant's authorization. Pursuant to Sections 1.719 and 64.1150 of our rules,<sup>11</sup> we notified RRLD of the complaint and RRLD responded on August 18, 2008.<sup>12</sup> RRLD

- <sup>5</sup> See 47 C.F.R. § 64.1120.
- <sup>6</sup> 47 U.S.C. § 258(a).

<sup>7</sup> See 47 C.F.R. § 64.1120(c). Section 64.1130 details the requirements for letter of agency form and content for written or electronically signed authorizations. 47 C.F.R. § 64.1130.

<sup>8</sup> See 47 C.F.R. §§ 64.1140, 64.1160. Any charges imposed by the unauthorized carrier on the subscriber for service provided after this 30-day period shall be paid by the subscriber to the authorized carrier at the rates the subscriber was paying to the authorized carrier at the time of the unauthorized change. *Id.* 

See 47 C.F.R. §§ 64.1140, 64.1170.

<sup>10</sup> See 47 U.S.C. § 503.

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<sup>11</sup> 47 C.F.R. § 1.719 (Commission procedure for informal complaints filed pursuant to Section 258 of the Act); 47 C.F.R. § 64.1150 (procedures for resolution of unauthorized changes in preferred carrier).

Reduced Rate Long Distance's Response to Informal Complaint No. 08-S0293868, received August 18, 2008. states that authorization was received and confirmed through independent third party verification (TPV). We have reviewed the TPV. Section 258(a) of the Communications Act of 1934 (Act), as amended by the Telecommunications Act of 1996<sup>13</sup> provides that, "[n]o telecommunications carrier shall submit or execute a change in a subscriber's selection of a provider of telephone exchange service or telephone toll service except in accordance with such verification procedures s the Commission shall prescribe (emphasis added).<sup>14</sup> Section 64.1120(c)(3)(iii) of the Commission's rules specifically requires that all third party verifiers "elicit, at a minimum the identity of the subscriber, [and] confirmation that the person on the call is authorized to make the carrier change..." (emphasis added). RRLD did not satisfy this procedural requirement. The verifier asked, "Are you 18 years of age and duly authorized by the telephone account owner to make changes to and/or incur charges on the telephone account?"<sup>15</sup> A "yes" response by the person on the call does not provide clear and convincing evidence confirming that such person was "authorized to make the carrier change" because the person on the call could have been confirming authorization only for incurring charges. The possibility of the person on the call only confirming authorization to incur charges would not meet the specific procedural requirement that the third party verifier "confirm that the person on the call is authorized to make the carrier change."<sup>16</sup> We conclude RRLD has failed to produce clear and convincing evidence.<sup>17</sup> Therefore, we find that RRLD's actions did result in an unauthorized change in Complainant's telecommunications service and we discuss LDS's liability below.<sup>18</sup> Accordingly we grant Complainant's complaint.

5. Pursuant to Section 64.1170(b) our rules, RRLD must forward to AT&T an amount equal to 150% of all charges paid by the subscriber to RRLD along with copies of any telephone bills issued from RRLD to the Complainant.<sup>19</sup> Within ten days of receipt of this amount, AT&T shall provide a refund or credit to Complainant in the amount of 50% of all charges paid by Complainant to RRLD. Complainant has the option of asking AT&T to re-rate RRLD's charges based on AT&T's rates and, on behalf of Complainant, seek from RRLD any

<sup>15</sup> See Reduced Rate Long Distance, LLC, 24 FCC Rcd 2496 (2009). In that Order on Reconsideration, CGB upheld a *Division* order which stated that a TPV which confirmed that the person on the call was authorized to make changes "and/or" incur charges did not satisfy the Commission's explicit procedural requirement that the verification elicit a confirmation that the person on the call is authorized to make the carrier change.

<sup>16</sup> See id.

<sup>18</sup> If Complainant is unsatisfied with the resolution of this complaint, Complainant may file a formal complaint with the Commission pursuant to Section 1.721 of the Commission's rules, 47 C.F.R. § 1.721. Such filing will be deemed to relate back to the filing date of such Complainant's informal complaint so long as the formal complaint is filed within 45 days from the date this order is mailed or delivered electronically to Complainant. *See* 47 C.F.R. § 1.719.

<sup>19</sup> See 47 C.F.R § 64.1170(b)(1)(2).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> 47 U.S.C. § 258(a); Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub. L. No. 104-104, 110 Stat. 56 (1996).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> See 47 U.S. C. § 258(a).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> See 47 C.F.R. § 64.1150(d).

re-rated amount exceeding 50% of all charges paid by Complainant to RRLD. AT&T must also send a notice to the Commission, referencing this Order, stating that it has given a refund or credit to Complainant.<sup>20</sup> If AT&T has not received the reimbursement required from RRLD within 45 days of the release of this Order, AT&T must notify the Commission and Complainant accordingly. AT&T also must notify the Complainant of his or her right to pursue a claim against NSB for a refund of all charges paid to RRLD<sup>21</sup> for those charges.<sup>22</sup>

6. Accordingly, IT IS ORDERED that, pursuant to Section 258 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, 47 U.S.C. § 258, and Sections 0.141, 0.361 and 1.719 of the Commission's rules, 47 C.F.R. §§ 0.141, 0.361, 1.719, the complaint filed by Complainant against Reduced Rate Long Distance IS GRANTED.

7. IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, pursuant to Section 64.1170(d) of the Commission's rules, 47 C.F.R. § 64.1170(d), Complainant is entitled to absolution for the charges incurred during the first thirty days after the unauthorized change occurred and neither Reduced Rate Long Distance nor AT&T, Inc. may pursue any collection against Complainant for those charges.

8. IT IS FURTHERED ORDERED that this Order is effective upon release.

## FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Nancy A. Stevenson, Deputy Chief Consumer Policy Division Consumer & Governmental Affairs Bureau

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> See 47 C.F.R. § 64.1170(c).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> See 47 C.F.R. § 64.1170(e).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> See 47 C.F.R. § 64.1160(d).