In the Matter of

National Exchange Carrier Association, Inc.

2015 Modification of Average Schedule Universal Service Support Formula

High-Cost Universal Service Support

WC Docket No. 05-337

ORDER


By the Deputy Chief, Telecommunications Access Policy Division, Wireline Competition Bureau:

I. INTRODUCTION

1. Pursuant to section 69.606(b) of the Commission’s rules, the National Exchange Carrier Association, Inc. (NECA) has submitted the annual average schedule company high-cost loop support (HCLS) formula modifications for Commission review.¹ The Commission’s rules require that this formula “simulate the disbursements that would be received . . . by a company that is representative of average schedule companies.”² For the reasons discussed below, we approve NECA’s proposed HCLS formula for 2015.

II. HIGH-COST LOOP SUPPORT FORMULA

2. Pursuant to Part 36 of the Commission’s rules, HCLS, also known as the loop expense adjustment, provides universal service support to carriers with high loop costs based on the extent that an individual company’s cost per loop (CPL) exceeds the national average.³ Because average schedule companies are not required to perform company-specific cost studies – the basis upon which a carrier’s expense adjustment is calculated – the Commission has permitted expense adjustments for average schedule companies to be calculated pursuant to a formula developed by NECA and approved annually by the Wireline Competition Bureau (Bureau).⁴ This formula is developed by NECA using data from a sample group of average schedule carriers and similarly-situated companies that file cost data (cost

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² 47 C.F.R. § 69.606.

³ See 47 C.F.R. Part 36, Subpart F.

⁴ See National Exchange Carrier Association, Inc. Proposed Modifications to the 1998-99 Interstate Average Schedule Formulas, ASD 98-96, Order, 15 FCC Rcd 1819, 1819-20, para. 2 (1999). Average schedule companies have been permitted by the Commission to estimate their access settlements and universal service support through the use of average schedules to avoid company-specific cost studies. See, e.g., ALLTEL Corp. v. FCC, 838 F.2d 551, 553 (D.C. Cir. 1988).
companies) in addition to data (access line and exchange information) obtained from the entire population of average schedule carriers; once approved, the formula is used to determine support amounts for all average schedule carriers.

3. On August 27, 2014, NECA filed proposed modifications to the current HCLS universal service formula for average schedule companies and requested that they take effect on January 1, 2015, and remain in effect through December 31, 2015. On September 2, 2014, the Bureau issued a public notice seeking comment on NECA’s proposed formula. No comments were received.

4. Consistent with prior years, NECA proposes calculating HCLS payments for 2015 for average schedule companies based on the relationship of CPL data of sample companies to values representing the number of loops per exchange (CPL calculations). To estimate current year costs, NECA applies forecasted growth factors to data collected from sample average schedule carriers one and two years prior to the current year. NECA then applies cost allocation factors—developed from the cost studies of similarly-situated cost companies—to the account balances of each sample average schedule company to estimate a CPL for each of the sample companies, and uses regression analyses to predict CPLs for all average schedule carriers. Each average schedule company’s derived CPL is then used to calculate the HCLS support amount. Based on NECA’s calculations, the proposed CPL values for 2015 are higher than the current CPL values for most study areas currently receiving support. The 2014 HCLS formula is expected to provide $11.2 million in payments to carriers serving 207 average schedule study areas. NECA’s proposed formula for 2015 projects $10.3 million in payments to carriers serving 179 average schedule study areas, a decrease of 8.0 percent from 2014 payments.


8 See NECA 2015 Filing at 1-26.

9 We note that the current amount of support expected to be paid for 2014 – $11.2 million – is less than the amount that was projected when NECA submitted its original average schedule formula for 2014. See 2014 NECA Modification of the Average Schedule Universal Service High-Cost Loop Support Formula, WC Docket No. 05-337 (filed Aug. 27, 2013). At that time, NECA estimated that the CPL formula would result in total payments of $13.7 million for 2014. See id. at 1. Due to adjustments made to the national average CPL to ensure that the total amount of HCLS disbursed remains under the HCLS indexed cap, however, payments to all cost companies and average schedule companies were reduced. See NECA 2015 Filing at 1.

10 See NECA 2015 Filing at 1. For 2012, 2013 and 2014, approved high-cost loop average schedule formulas produced estimated total payments of $15.7 million, $15.6 million and $13.7 million, respectively. See 2012 Order, 27 FCC Rcd at 135, para. 6 n.18; 2013 Order, 27 FCC Rcd at 15180, para. 7 n.16; 2014 Order, 28 FCC Rcd at 16886, para. 4 n.10.
5. We find that NECA’s results and CPL calculations appear to be accurate and complete, and the proposed HCLS formula should reasonably approximate the CPL of the sample average schedule companies, and thereby allocate funds appropriately to average schedule companies.\textsuperscript{11} Therefore, we approve the HCLS formula as provided in NECA’s August 27, 2014 submission.

\section{ORDERING CLAUSE}

6. Accordingly, IT IS ORDERED, pursuant to sections 0.91 and 0.291 of the Commission’s rules, 47 C.F.R. §§ 0.91, 0.291, that the average schedule cost per loop formula proposed by the National Exchange Carrier Association, Inc. on August 27, 2014 for high-cost loop support IS ADOPTED, as described herein, effective as of January 1, 2015.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

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