

# FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION **ENFORCEMENT BUREAU** SOUTH CENTRAL REGION

### **Atlanta Office**

3575 Koger Blvd., #320 Atlanta, Georgia 30096

March 8, 2010

Merchant Adjustment Service Inc. 56 N. Florida St Mobile, AL 36607

## NOTICE OF UNAUTHORIZED OPERATION AND INTERFERENCE TO LICENSED RADIO STATIONS

Case Number: EB-10-AT-0017 Document Number: W201032480005

On March 3, 2010, in response to a complaint of interference, agents from the Commission's Atlanta Office of the Enforcement Bureau confirmed by direction finding techniques that radio signals on the 824-849 MHz band were emanating from your business located at 56 N Florida St. Mobile, AL 36607. The agents inspected your business and found a radio transmitting device designed to jam licensed radio communications transmissions in the 824-849, 869-894 and 1850-1950 MHz frequency bands, as well as other licensed frequency bands. Cellular carriers have a license to provide cellular communications in the 824-849, 869-894 and 1850-1950 MHz frequency bands. During the inspection, the business owner admitted that the unit had been in operation and will remain powered off.

Persons operating or using radio transmitters must be licensed or authorized by the Commission, pursuant to Section 301 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended ("Act"). In addition, radio transmitting equipment must comply with the Commission's Rules ("Rules"). Section 333 of the Act prohibits willful or malicious interference with any radio communications of any station licensed or authorized by or under the Act or operated by the United States Government.<sup>3</sup> In addition, Section 302(b) of the Act, and Section 2.803(a) of the Rules prohibit the manufacture, importation, marketing, sale or operation of devices deliberately designed to jam or disrupt wireless communications.<sup>4</sup> The Commission has issued two Public Notices specifically stating that the sale and use of transmitters designed to prevent, jam or interfere with

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 47 U.S.C. § 301. The only exception to this licensing requirement is for certain transmitters using or operating at a power level that complies with the standards established in Part 15 of the Commission's rules. 47 C.F.R. §§ 15.1 et

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> 47 C.F.R. Part 2, Subpart J.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 47 U.S.C. § 333.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> 47 U.S.C. § 302a(b); 47 C.F.R. § 2.803(a).

the operation of cellular and personal communications service ("PCS") telephones is unlawful.<sup>5</sup> Section 303(n) of the Act also authorizes agents of the Commission to inspect all radio installations to determine compliance with Commission rules.<sup>6</sup>

The operation of the devices utilized by you constitutes a violation of Sections 333, 302(b), and 301 of the Act, as described above. Such operation may subject you to substantial monetary forfeitures, *in rem* arrest action against the offending radio equipment, and criminal sanctions including imprisonment. Because unauthorized operation creates a danger of interference to important radio communications services, and may subject the operator to severe penalties, this notice emphasizes the importance of complying strictly with these legal requirements.

### OPERATION OF THIS PROHIBITED RADIO TRANSMISSION MUST NOT RESUME.

You may respond with any information you believe relevant to this warning within (10) days from the date of this warning. Your response should be sent to the address in the letterhead and reference the listed case number. Under the Privacy Act of 1974, we are informing you that the Commission's staff will use all relevant material information before it to determine what, if any, enforcement action is required to ensure your compliance with FCC Rules. This will include any information that you disclose in your reply.

Sincerely,

Douglas G. Miller District Director Atlanta Office South Central Region

### Attachments:

Excerpts from the Communications Act of 1934, As Amended Enforcement Bureau, "Inspection Fact Sheet", March 2005

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See Office of Engineering and Technology and Compliance and Information Bureau Warn Against the Manufacture, Importation, Marketing or Operation of Transmitters Designed to Prevent or Otherwise Interfere with Cellular Radio Communications. DA 99-2150, released October 12, 1999; Sale or Use of Transmitters Designed to Prevent, Jam or Interfere with Cell Phone Communications is Prohibited in the United States. DA 05-1776, released June 27, 2005.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>47 U.S.C. § 303(n).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> 47 U.S.C. §§ 301, 302a(b), 333.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> See 47 U.S.C. §§ 401, 501, 503, 510.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> 5 U.S.C. § 552a(e)(3).