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No. 11-9900

#### IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE TENTH CIRCUIT

IN RE: FCC 11-161

ON PETITIONS FOR REVIEW OF AN ORDER OF THE FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

Amicus Brief Of The State Members Of The Federal-State Joint Board on Universal Service In Support of Petitioners

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# GLOSSARY

ABC Plan	"America's Broadband Connectivity" Plan filed on July 29, 2011 by the USTelecom Association (sponsored by AT&T, Verizon, CenturyLink, Windstream, Frontier, FairPoint Communications, the National Telecommunications Cooperative Association (NTCA), OPASTCO, and the Western Telecommunications Alliance (WTA)) <sup>1</sup>
APA	The federal Administrative Procedure Act
ARC	Access Recovery Charge
Board, Joint Board	The Federal-State Joint Board on Universal Service consisting of three FCC commissioners, four State Members who are State regu- latory commissioners (currently from Pennsylvania, Ne- braska, South Carolina, and Vermont) nominated by the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commission- ers and approved by the FCC, and one State-appointed utility consumer advocate (currently the Colorado Con- sumer Counsel) nominated by the National Association of State Utility Consumer Advocates. 47 U.S.C. §254.
CLEC	Competitive Local Exchange Carrier
ETC	Eligible Telecommunications Carrier
ICC	Intercarrier Compensation
IXC	Interexchange (Long Distance) Carrier
LEC	Local Exchange Carrier

<sup>1</sup> JA at 2986, 2988, 3002, 3006, 3034, 3068; 3137 & 3142.

Order <sup>2</sup>	The Report and Order and Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking appealed from
RLEC Plan	A plan filed by the Joint Rural Associations (NECA, NTCA, OPASTCO, and WTA) on April 18, 2011 <sup>3</sup>
SLC	Subscriber Line Charge
State Members	State Members of the Federal-State Joint Board on Universal Service
State Plan	State Members' Comments filed May 2, 2011 <sup>4</sup>
USF	State or the federal Universal Service Fund

<sup>3</sup> JA at 2141-2273.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Connect America Fund, Report and Order and Further Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, 26 FCC Rcd 17663 (2011) (JA at 390-1141). The FCC often promulgates rules by means of what it refers to as "orders" although the APA defines an "order" as "the whole or a part of a final disposition in a matter other than rule making but including licensing." 5 U.S.C. §551(6); *see also id.* §551(7) (defining "adjudication" as "agency process for the formulation of an order").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> JA at 2654-2830.

## INTEREST OF AMICI CURIAE

The State Members constitute a majority of the Joint Board, tasked by Congress to ensure federal universal service policies adhere to articulated principles and to recommend redefinitions of supported services. 47 U.S.C. §§254(b), 254(c)(1)(C), 254(c)(2).

#### ARGUMENT

#### I. The Order Violates Dual Sovereignty.

Contrary to dual sovereignty, the *Order* establishes a zero ICC rate for intrastate access charges and requires State implementation and enforcement.<sup>5</sup> This "economic dragooning [of] the States with no real option but to acquiesce"<sup>6</sup> is not enticement but direct and indirect coercion<sup>7</sup> that "conscript[s] state [utility commissions] into the [FCC's] national bureaucratic army."<sup>8</sup>

#### **II.** Expansive Interpretation Of §251(b)(5) Overreaches.

Again overreaching,<sup>9</sup> the FCC usurps intrastate access ratemaking, using §251(b)(5) to rationalize, "That which is not forbidden is permitted."<sup>10</sup> Agencies have no inherent powers, only those granted by Congress which "does not alter the

<sup>6</sup> Nat'l Fed'n of Indep. Bus. v. Sebelius, 567 U.S. \_\_, 132 S.Ct. 2566, 2605 (2012).

<sup>7</sup> *Id.*, 132 S.Ct. at 2602.

<sup>8</sup> Id., 132 S.Ct. at 2607.

<sup>9</sup> Lyons, *Tethering the Administrative State: The Case Against* Chevron *Deference for FCC Jurisdictional Claims*, 36 J. Corp. L. 823 (2011).

<sup>10</sup> Order ¶765 (JA at 643).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Order ¶813 (JA at 667).

fundamental details of a regulatory scheme in vague terms or ancillary provisions."<sup>11</sup> Federal statutes must *clearly and manifestly* supplant state regulation.<sup>12</sup>

Section 251(b)(5) is neither jurisdiction-conferring nor FCC-empowering, obligating only LECs. The FCC may establish a "pricing methodology,"<sup>13</sup> but States must "implement that methodology, determining the concrete result in particular circumstances."<sup>14</sup> "Bill-and-keep" predetermines a zero rate.

#### III. Due Process And APA §553 Notice Requirements Were Violated.

#### A. Due Process Precluded *Ex Parte* Contacts.

This rulemaking intended to cull small companies<sup>15</sup> by depriving them of vital terminating access revenues, conferring a billion dollar annual windfall on wireless carriers and wireline IXCs and effectively forcing fire sale consolidations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Whitman v. American Trucking Ass'n, 531 U.S. 457, 464 (2001); American Bus Ass'n v. Slater, 231 F.3d 1, 8 (statutory silence on granting a power is not an ambiguity but a *denial* of that power) (Sentelle, J., concurring).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Bates v. Dow Agrosciences LLC, 544 U.S. 431, 449 (2005); Gregory v. Ashcroft, 501 U.S. 452, 460 (1991).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Order ¶773 (JA at 647).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> AT&T v. Iowa Utilities Bd., 525 U.S. 366, 384 (1999).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> "[I]t may not serve the public interest for consumers across the country to subsidize the cost of operations for so many very small companies," NPRM at ¶217 (<u>http://hraunfoss.fcc.gov/edocs\_public/attachmatch/FCC-11-13A1.pdf</u> at 76).

Not merely "valuable privileges"<sup>16</sup> were at stake but property *rights* in "extremely compelling circumstances,"<sup>17</sup> and pending adjudications.<sup>18</sup>

*Ex parte* contacts may be banned in informal proceedings "involv[ing] competitive interests of great monetary value [that] confer[] preferential advantages,"<sup>19</sup> and where "the very existence of [owners is] in jeopardy attack[ing] them at a vital spot."<sup>20</sup>

## **B.** Opportunity For Comment Was Inadequate.

The largest carriers filed the ABC Plan, including a sophisticated computer model made available only on the industry consultant's computer in Cincinnati for compensation.<sup>21</sup>

<sup>17</sup> Vt. Yankee Nuclear Corp. v. NRDC, 435 U.S. 519, 543 (1978).

<sup>18</sup> Order ¶975 & n.2044; ¶1419 (JA at 757, 879).

<sup>19</sup> *Home Box Office, Inc. v. FCC*, 567 F.2d 9, 62 (D.C. Cir. 1977) (Mackinnon, J., concurring).

<sup>20</sup> Morgan v. United States, 304 U.S. 1, 20 (1938).

<sup>21</sup> JA at 3780, 3842; 3775.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Sangamon Valley Television Corp. v. United States, 269 F.2d 221, 224 (D.C. Cir. 1959).

Three days later, the FCC *redirected* the rulemaking by requesting,<sup>22</sup> within only 34 days, without focusing the inquiry, comments on a divergent, factuallyclashing panoply of complex proposals—principally the ABC Plan, and the RLEC and State Plans.

"Paying-to-comment" in Cincinnati within the abbreviated period was intolerable. The time allotted to assess and comment was grossly inadequate.

On October 7, 17, and 19, 2011, FCC staff inundated the record with an astounding array of supplemental materials.<sup>23</sup> The FCC relied on them to justify "bill-and-keep."<sup>24</sup>

No real opportunity to reply was afforded because the important was indistinguishable from the merely peripheral.

# C. Extensive Industry 11<sup>th</sup> Hour *Ex Parte* Contacts Prevented Comment.

Industry *ex parte* contacts intensified up to the Sunshine period (beginning October 21). For example:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> JA at 349-368; JA at 377 (reply comments filing extension).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> JA at 3847, 3918, 3947.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Order ¶¶742-743 & nn.1295-1296 (JA at 632-634); ¶744 & n.1304 (JA at 634-635).

Two October 21 Verizon *ex parte* filings revealed discussions with a Commissioner about the "reform order *now circulating* [and the ABC Plan]."<sup>25</sup>

The *Order* reflects Verizon's October 20 *ex parte*<sup>26</sup> giving holding companies discretion to allocate ARC amounts,<sup>27</sup> and AT&T's five October 21 *ex parte* filings<sup>28</sup> describing discussions about ICC, high-cost support through the USF mechanism, SLC upper limit, and ETC obligations.

No one could react adequately and timely to these filings. The Commission voted only six days later, but *Order* drafting continued for 22 days, ample time to incorporate these one-sided suggestions.<sup>29</sup>

The rule should be vacated.

<sup>26</sup> JA at 3980.

<sup>27</sup> Order ¶910 (JA at 717).

<sup>28</sup> JA at 3982, 3983, 3984, 3992; http://apps.fcc.gov/ecfs/document/view?id=7021716987.

<sup>29</sup> Action for Children's Television v. FCC, 564 F.2d 458, 476 (D.C. Cir. 1977) (*ex parte* contacts vitiate agency informal rulemaking if they may have materially influenced the action ultimately taken).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> JA at 4004 & 4005 (emphasis added).

Respectfully submitted,

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