



Communications Status Report for Areas Impacted by Hawaii Wildfires August 25, 2023

The following is the final report on the status of communications services in geographic areas impacted by the Hawaii Wildfires as of August 25, 2023 at 12:00 a.m. Hawaii-Aleutian Standard Time (HST) / 6:00 a.m. Eastern Daylight Time (EDT).¹ This report incorporates network outage data furnished by communications providers via the Federal Communications Commission (FCC) Disaster Information Report System-Lite (DIRS-Lite).² Note that the operational status of communications services during an event may evolve rapidly, and this report represents a snapshot in time.

The is collected for the most affected areas in West Maui: Kapalua, Napili-Honokowai, Kaanapali, Lahaina, Launiupoko, and Olowalu.

911 Services

The Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau (PSHSB) learns the status of each Public Safety Answering Point (PSAP) through information provided by 911 Service Providers via DIRS-Lite, reporting to the FCC's Public Safety Support Center, coordination with state 911 Administrators, and, if necessary, direct contact with individual PSAPs.

The Maui PD PSAP is fully functional.

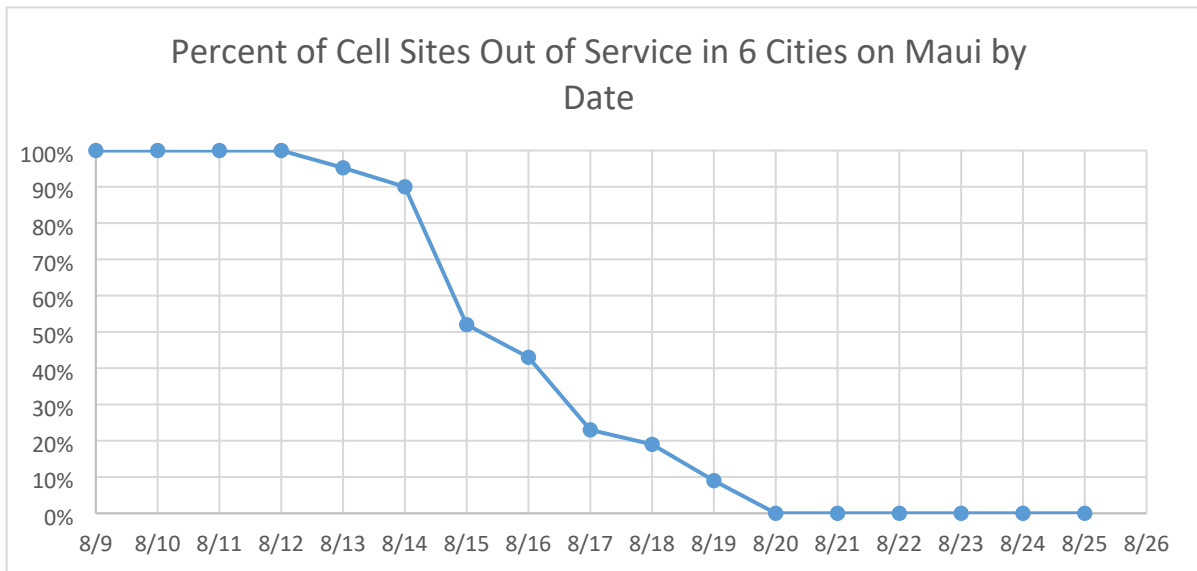
Wireless Services

Wireless Status: The total number of cell sites serving Kapalua, Napili-Honokowai, Kaanapali, Lahaina, Launiupoko, and Olowalu is 21. As of 8/25/23 at 6:00 a.m. (EDT) there are no cell sites out of service.

The following chart illustrates the percentage of cell sites out of service by date for Kapalua, Napili-Honokowai, Kaanapali, Lahaina, Launiupoko, and Olowalu:

¹ The FCC, in coordination with FEMA and CISA, deactivated DIRS-Lite effective August 25, 2023, in light of the progress in restoring communications on West Maui. This will be the last published communications status report for the Hawaii wildfires. The FCC will, however, continue to monitor the status of communications services and work with providers and government partners as needed to support remaining restoration efforts.

² Due to the geographically concentrated impact of the Hawaii wildfires, and the need to gain information that is more precise than county-level, the FCC, in consultation with FEMA and CISA, has activated a component of the Disaster Information Reporting System called DIRS-Lite (OMB Control Number 3060-1003), whereby the Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau is obtaining more granular situation-specific information through ongoing direct communications with communications providers.

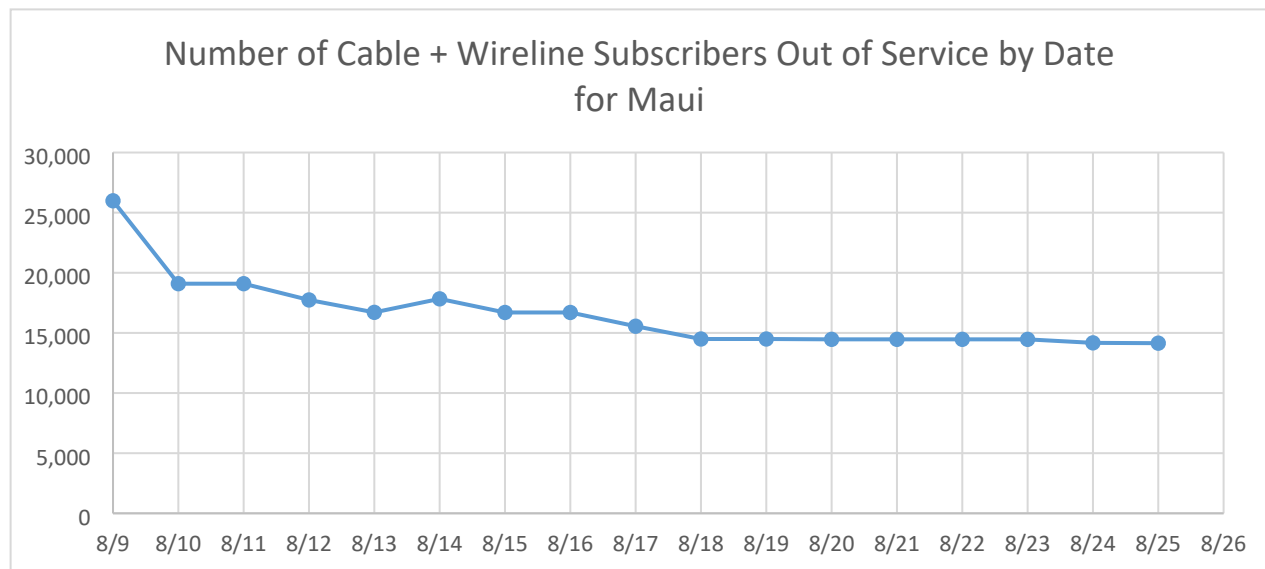


The number of cell site outages in a specific area does not necessarily correspond to the availability of wireless service to consumers in that area. See *Improving the Resiliency of Mobile Wireless Communications Networks*, Order, 31 FCC Rcd 13745, para. 10 (2016) (recognizing the difficulties in accurately depicting the ongoing status of a wireless provider’s service during emergencies). Wireless networks are often designed with numerous, overlapping cell sites that provide maximum capacity and continuity of service even when an individual site is inoperable. In addition, wireless providers may use temporary facilities, such as cells-on-wheels (COWs), increase power at operational sites, initiate roaming agreements, or take other actions to maintain service to affected consumers during emergencies or other events that result in cell site outages.

Mobile Assets Deployed: A number of wireless companies have deployed mobile assets to Maui to support wireless services while fixed cell sites are being restored.

Cable Systems and Wireline (Combined)

Cable and wireline companies reported 14,147 subscribers out of service in the disaster area; this may include the loss of telephone, television, and/or Internet services. A graph showing the trends in customers out of service is shown below:



Broadcast:

AM Radio stations status:

- No AM stations reported as being out of service.

FM Radio stations status:

- No FM stations reported as being out of service.

TV stations status:

- No TV stations reported as being out of service.

Special Temporary Authority (STA)/Waivers/Extensions

The FCC may grant Special Temporary Authority (STA) to permit immediate or temporary operation of certain radio facilities during emergencies or other urgent conditions, as well as waivers to support emergency communications and service restoration.

- On Aug. 10, granted FEMA request to operate equipment for search and rescue.
- On Aug. 11, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau granted AT&T request to use 6 GHz and 11 GHz frequencies at 5 sites for microwave backhaul communications.



- On Aug. 12, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau granted T-Mobile request to use 6 GHz and 11 GHz frequencies at 4 sites for microwave backhaul communications.
- On Aug. 15, Wireless Telecommunications Bureau granted AT&T's request to use 6 GHz and 11 GHz frequencies at 6 sites for microwave backhaul communications.
- On Aug. 15, the Wireless Telecommunications Bureau extended reporting deadlines for wireless carriers.
- On Aug. 15, the Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau and the Wireless Telecommunications Bureau extended certain filing and regulatory deadlines for licensees and applicants in Hawaii.
- On Aug. 16, the Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau granted a verbal STA for the County of Maui to operate on frequencies 11,345.0 MHz (Hyatt Regency Maui) and 10,855.0 MHz (Waiakeakua) in support of emergency services for wildfires in Maui.
- On Aug. 18, the Wireline Competition Bureau issued a waiver of FCC rules and deadlines associated with Affordable Connectivity Program, Lifeline, E-Rate, Emergency Connectivity Fund, Rural Health Care, and High Cost Program for participants and service providers impacted by the Maui wildfire.
- On Aug. 18, the Wireline Competition Bureau issued a temporary waiver of the Commission's telephone number "aging" rule to assist customers residing in areas impacted by the Maui wildfire.
- On Aug. 18, the Wireline Competition Bureau issued a verbal temporary waiver to the State of Hawaii authorizing the use of AM frequencies 1620 kHz, 1650 kHz, 1670 kHz or 1700 kHz at any of the locations listed below.
 1. Maalaea MPD Check Point (20°47'43.92"N, 156°30'41.58"W)
 2. Camp Maluhia (20°57'54.68"N, 156°32'4.54"W)
 3. Lahaina Police Station (20°54'18.57"N, 156°41'1.33"W)
 4. Napili Fire Station (20°59'5.79"N, 156°40'4.74"W)